wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Aug 26, 2026 – 04:13 am BST

PDB ID	:	2X21 / pdb_00002x21
Title	:	Structure of Peridinin-Chlorophyll-Protein reconstituted with BChl-a
Authors	:	Schulte, T.; Hiller, R.G.; Hofmann, E.
Deposited on	:	2010-01-09
Resolution	:	1.75 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

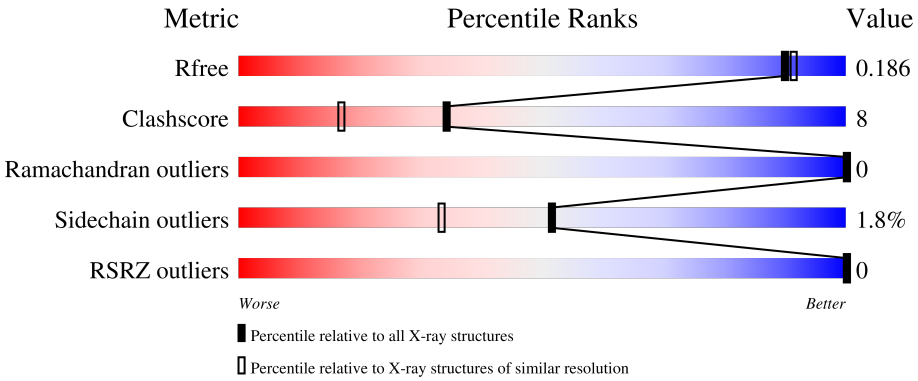
MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Buster-report	:	wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.015 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.50

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.75 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	3183 (1.76-1.76)
Clashscore	190562	3299 (1.76-1.76)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	3274 (1.76-1.76)
Sidechain outliers	187428	3274 (1.76-1.76)
RSRZ outliers	180081	3183 (1.76-1.76)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	M	151	85% 14%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
6	CL	M	1163	-	-	X	-

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
6	CL	M	1164	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 10 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1725 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

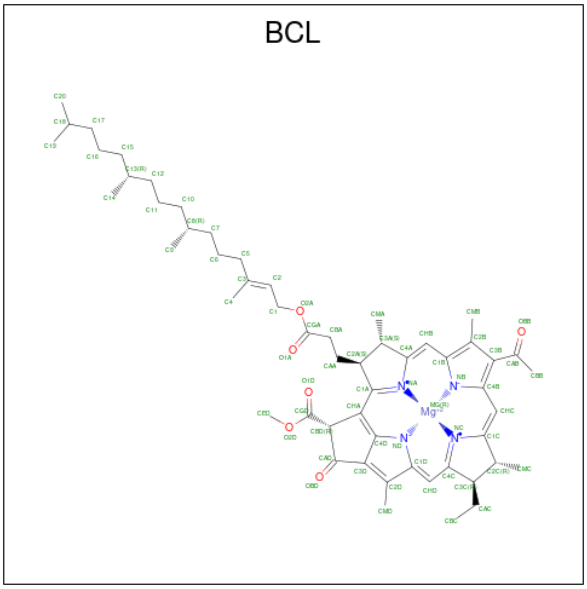
- Molecule 1 is a protein called PERIDININ-CHLOROPHYLL A-BINDING PROTEIN, CHLOROPLASTIC.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	M	151	Total	C	N	O	S	0	3	0
			1138	720	190	223	5			

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

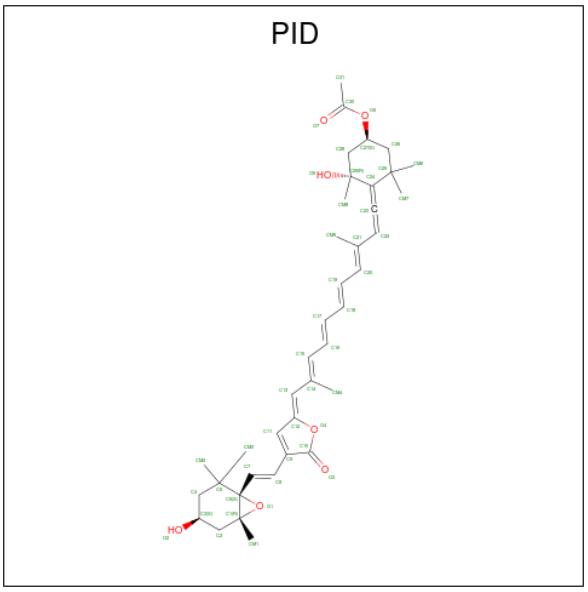
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
M	87	SER	ASN	conflict	UNP P80484
M	128	ASN	SER	conflict	UNP P80484

- Molecule 2 is BACTERIOCHLOROPHYLL A (CCD ID: BCL) (formula: $C_{55}H_{74}MgN_4O_6$).



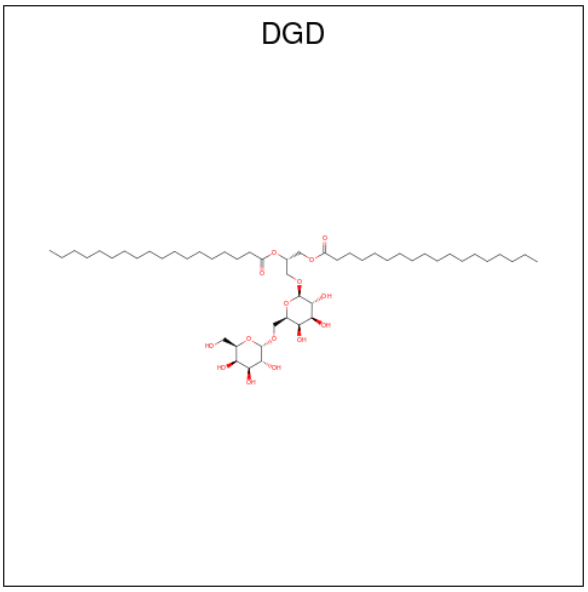
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	M	1	Total	C	Mg	N	O	0	0
			66	55	1	4	6		

- Molecule 3 is PERIDININ (CCD ID: PID) (formula: $C_{39}H_{50}O_7$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	M	1	Total C O 50 42 8	0	1
3	M	1	Total C O 46 39 7	0	0
3	M	1	Total C O 46 39 7	0	0
3	M	1	Total C O 46 39 7	0	0

- Molecule 4 is DIGALACTOSYL DIACYL GLYCEROL (DGDG) (CCD ID: DGD) (formula: $C_{51}H_{96}O_{15}$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	M	1	Total C O 69 53 16	0	1

- Molecule 5 is CADMIUM ION (CCD ID: CD) (formula: Cd).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	M	7	Total Cd 8 8	0	1

- Molecule 6 is CHLORIDE ION (CCD ID: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	M	7	Total Cl 7 7	0	0

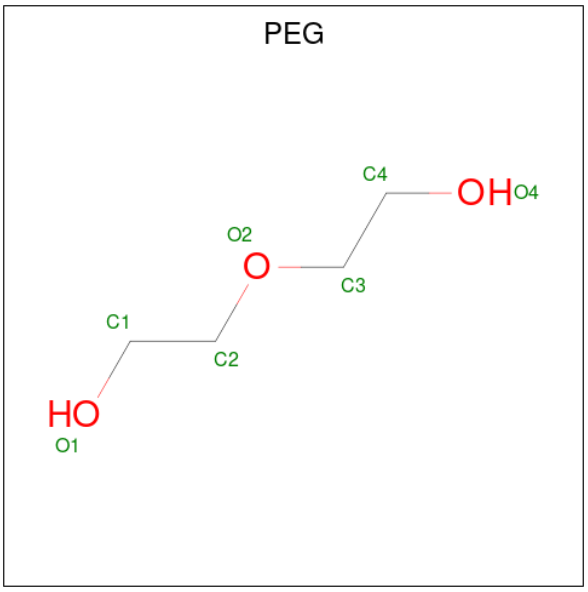
- Molecule 7 is POTASSIUM ION (CCD ID: K) (formula: K).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	M	4	Total K 4 4	0	0

- Molecule 8 is SODIUM ION (CCD ID: NA) (formula: Na).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	M	1	Total Na 1 1	0	0

- Molecule 9 is DI(HYDROXYETHYL)ETHER (CCD ID: PEG) (formula: $C_4H_{10}O_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	M	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			7	4	3		

- Molecule 10 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
10	M	237	Total	O	0	0
			237	237		

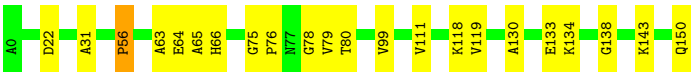
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: PERIDININ-CHLOROPHYLL A-BINDING PROTEIN, CHLOROPLASTIC

Chain M:





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 2 2 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	68.49Å 81.81Å 74.98Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	43.01 – 1.75 43.01 – 1.75	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	100.0 (43.01-1.75) 99.7 (43.01-1.75)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.09	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	2.99 (at 1.75Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.5.0088	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.146 , 0.186 0.146 , 0.186	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1078 reflections (5.00%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	12.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.070	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.37 , 48.2	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.48$, $< L^2 > = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	1725	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	15.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 9.15% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

[1] Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2] Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PEG, BCL, K, DGD, CL, CD, PID, NA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#$\|Z\|>5$	RMSZ	#$\|Z\|>5$
1	M	1.74	15/1161 (1.3%)	1.26	2/1568 (0.1%)

The worst 5 of 15 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	M	63	ALA	CA-CB	8.05	1.65	1.53
1	M	79	VAL	CA-CB	7.52	1.63	1.54
1	M	119	VAL	CA-C	7.11	1.59	1.52
1	M	130	ALA	CA-CB	6.90	1.64	1.53
1	M	65	ALA	CA-CB	6.55	1.63	1.53

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	M	75	GLY	CA-C-N	-6.65	113.06	120.45
1	M	75	GLY	C-N-CA	-6.65	113.06	120.45

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	M	1138	0	1144	9	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	M	66	0	73	4	0
3	M	188	0	180	3	0
4	M	69	0	10	0	0
5	M	8	0	0	0	0
6	M	7	0	0	7	0
7	M	4	0	0	1	0
8	M	1	0	0	1	0
9	M	7	0	10	1	0
10	M	237	0	0	7	1
All	All	1725	0	1417	19	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

The worst 5 of 19 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
6:M:1163:CL:CL	7:M:1168:K:K	1.66	1.39
6:M:1164:CL:CL	8:M:1169:NA:NA	1.68	1.04
1:M:64[A]:GLU:OE1	10:M:2129:HOH:O	1.85	0.94
6:M:1164:CL:CL	10:M:2116:HOH:O	2.26	0.90
1:M:134:LYS:HE3	10:M:2020:HOH:O	1.77	0.85

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
10:M:2001:HOH:O	10:M:2142:HOH:O[8_555]	2.13	0.07

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	M	152/151 (101%)	151 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	M	117/114 (103%)	115 (98%)	2 (2%)	53 36

All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	M	56	PRO
1	M	143	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry

Of 29 ligands modelled in this entry, 20 are monoatomic - leaving 9 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
3	PID	M	611[A]	-	41,49,49	1.80	13 (31%)	49,76,76	3.40	21 (42%)
3	PID	M	611[B]	-	41,49,49	1.73	11 (26%)	49,76,76	3.35	21 (42%)
3	PID	M	614	-	41,49,49	1.54	10 (24%)	49,76,76	3.16	18 (36%)
3	PID	M	613	-	41,49,49	1.61	10 (24%)	49,76,76	3.51	21 (42%)
4	DGD	M	615[B]	-	67,67,67	1.05	4 (5%)	81,81,81	1.41	9 (11%)
9	PEG	M	1170	-	6,6,6	1.02	0	5,5,5	0.65	0
4	DGD	M	615[A]	-	67,67,67	1.05	4 (5%)	81,81,81	1.41	9 (11%)
2	BCL	M	601	10	69,74,74	1.75	12 (17%)	83,115,115	1.83	16 (19%)
3	PID	M	612	-	41,49,49	1.61	9 (21%)	49,76,76	3.30	21 (42%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	PID	M	611[A]	-	-	0/24/93/93	0/4/4/4
3	PID	M	611[B]	-	-	0/24/93/93	0/4/4/4
3	PID	M	614	-	-	0/24/93/93	0/4/4/4
3	PID	M	613	-	-	0/24/93/93	0/4/4/4
4	DGD	M	615[B]	-	-	27/55/95/95	0/2/2/2
9	PEG	M	1170	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
4	DGD	M	615[A]	-	-	28/55/95/95	0/2/2/2
2	BCL	M	601	10	-	3/41/137/137	-
3	PID	M	612	-	-	0/24/93/93	0/4/4/4

The worst 5 of 73 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	M	601	BCL	OBD-CAD	5.45	1.31	1.22
2	M	601	BCL	CHD-C1D	5.25	1.48	1.38
3	M	611[A]	PID	C13-C12	4.79	1.49	1.36

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	M	611[B]	PID	C13-C12	4.79	1.49	1.36
2	M	601	BCL	CHB-C1B	4.44	1.49	1.39

The worst 5 of 136 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
3	M	613	PID	O4-C12-C11	14.51	116.15	107.36
3	M	612	PID	O4-C12-C11	14.45	116.12	107.36
3	M	611[A]	PID	O4-C12-C11	14.25	116.00	107.36
3	M	611[B]	PID	O4-C12-C11	14.25	116.00	107.36
3	M	614	PID	O4-C12-C11	13.77	115.71	107.36

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 60 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	M	615[A]	DGD	CAB-CBB-CCB-CDB
4	M	615[B]	DGD	CAB-CBB-CCB-CDB
4	M	615[A]	DGD	O6E-C5E-C6E-O5E
4	M	615[A]	DGD	CCB-CDB-CEB-CFB
4	M	615[B]	DGD	CCB-CDB-CEB-CFB

There are no ring outliers.

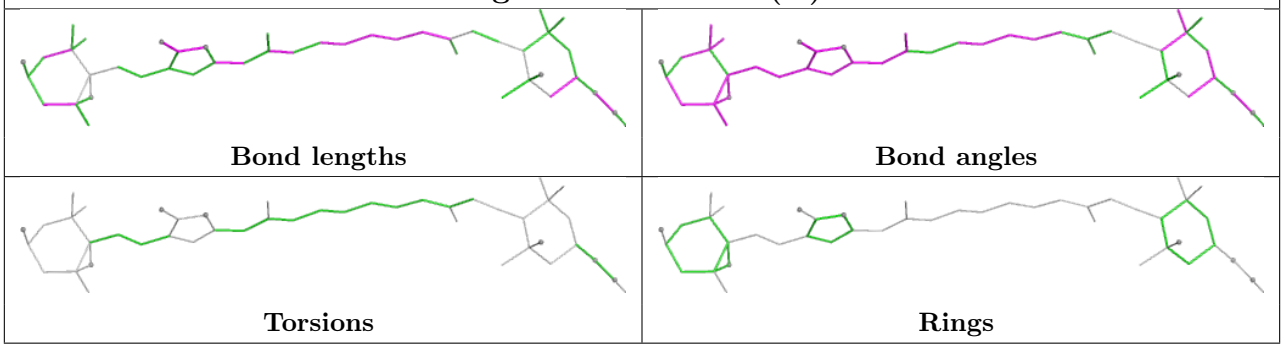
4 monomers are involved in 8 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	M	613	PID	1	0
9	M	1170	PEG	1	0
2	M	601	BCL	4	0
3	M	612	PID	2	0

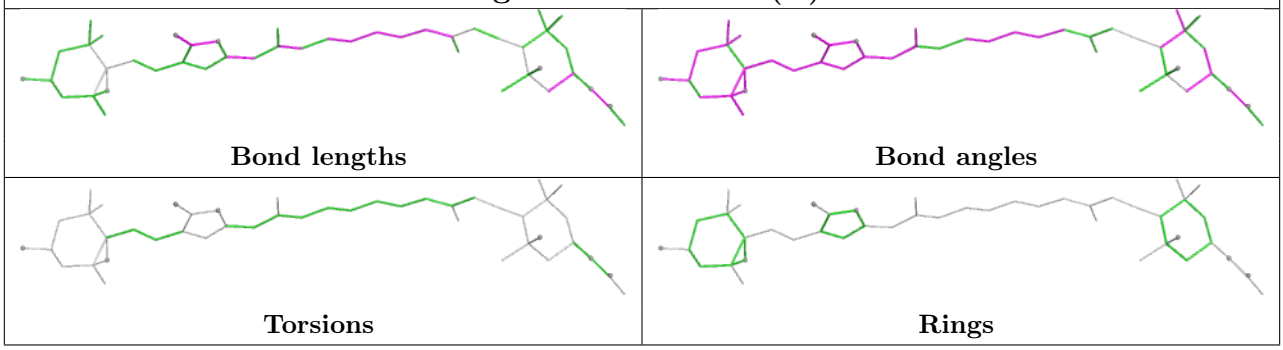
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient

equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

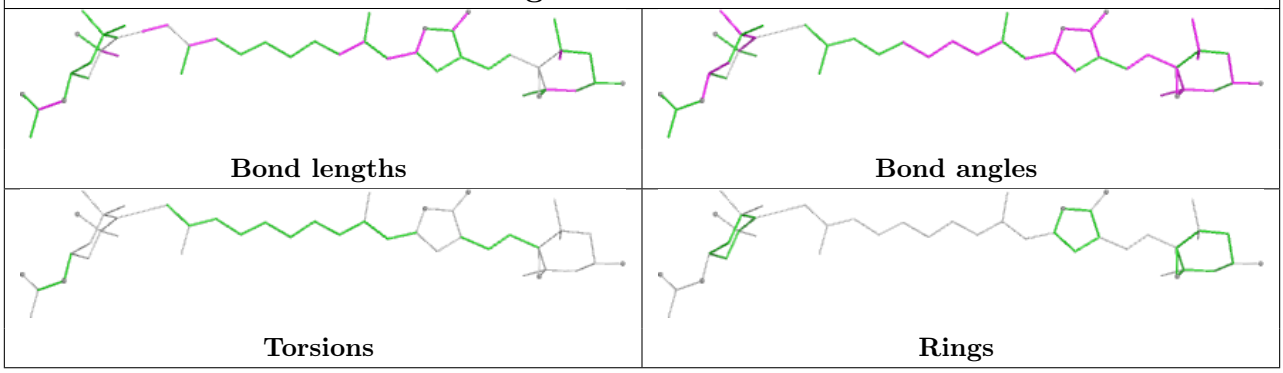
Ligand PID M 611 (A)



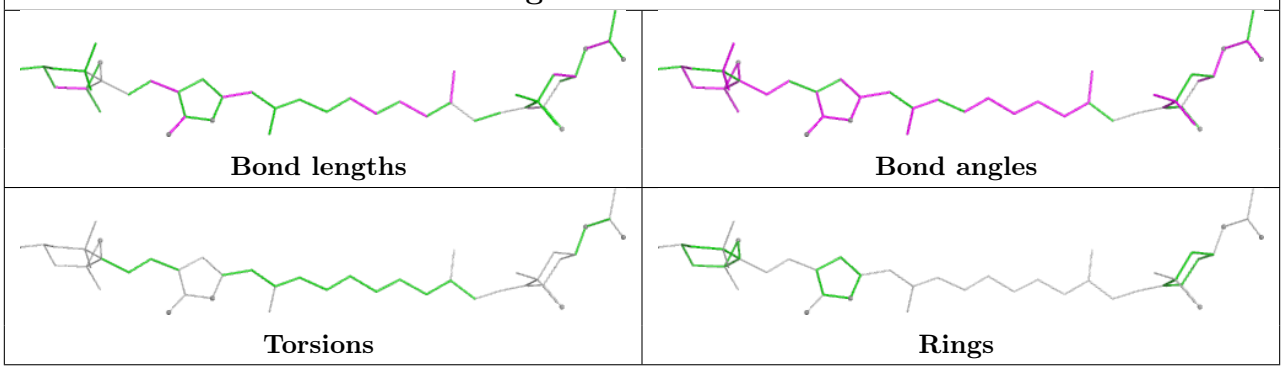
Ligand PID M 611 (B)



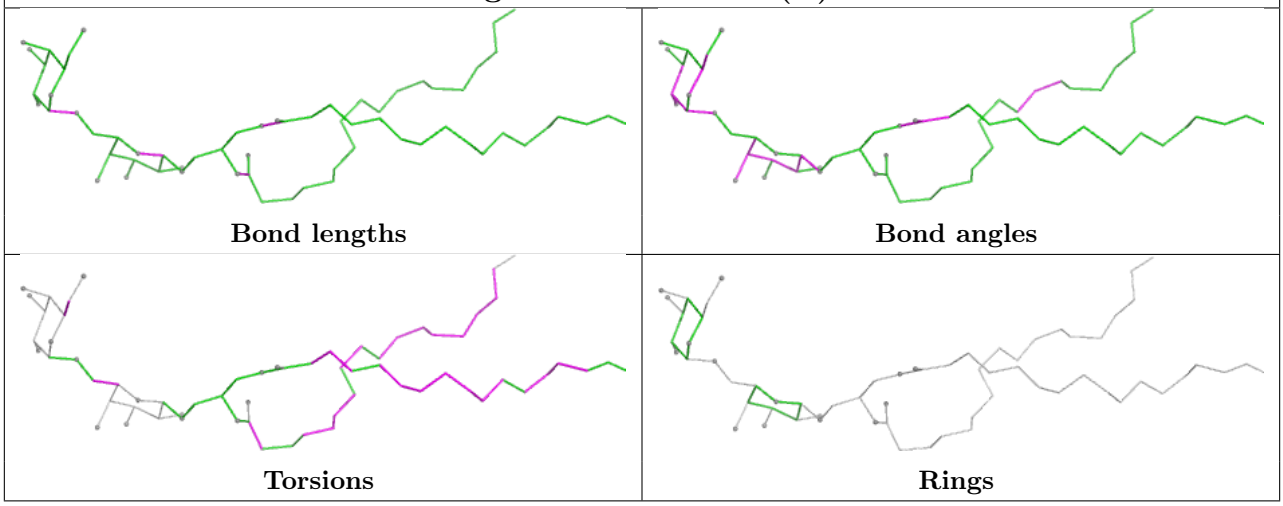
Ligand PID M 614



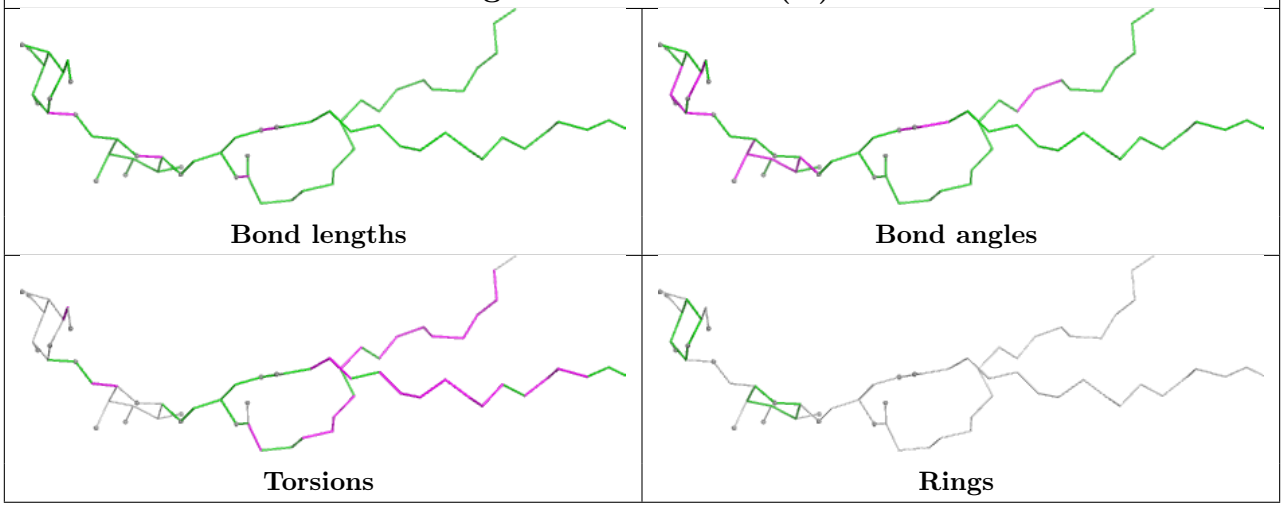
Ligand PID M 613



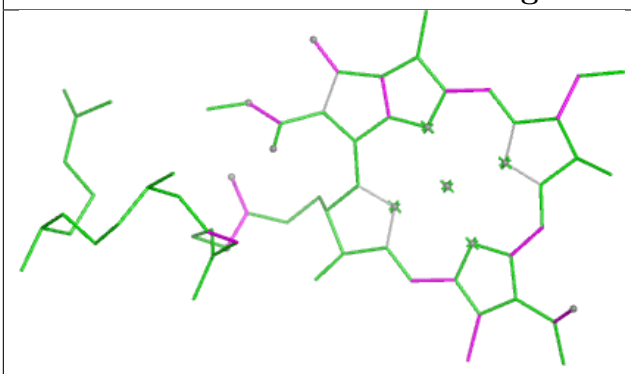
Ligand DGD M 615 (B)



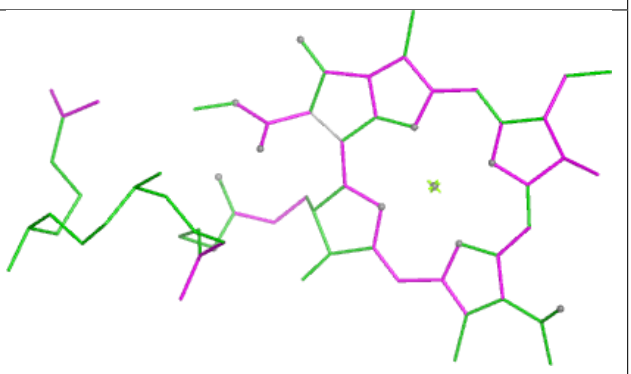
Ligand DGD M 615 (A)



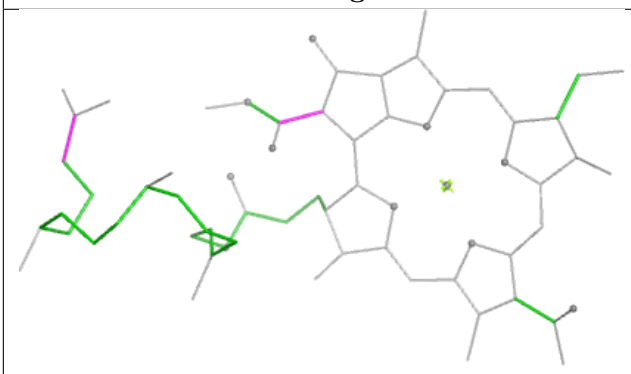
Ligand BCL M 601



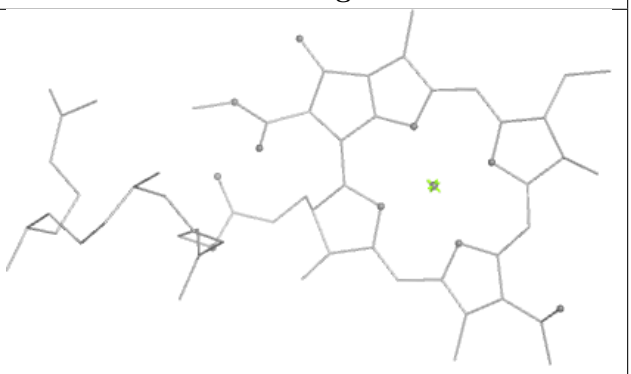
Bond lengths



Bond angles

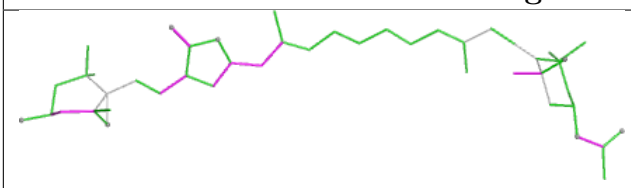


Torsions

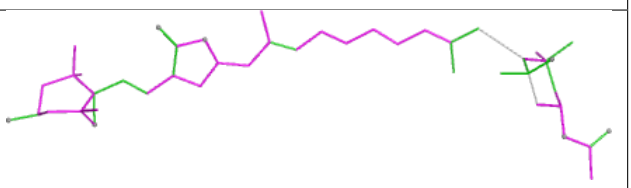


Rings

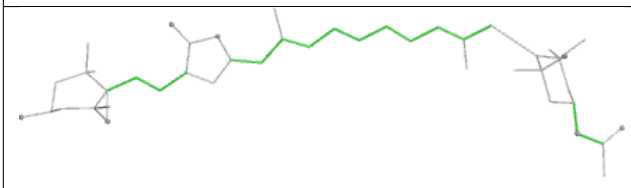
Ligand PID M 612



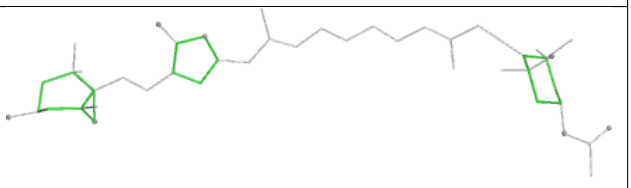
Bond lengths



Bond angles



Torsions



Rings

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	M	151/151 (100%)	-0.69	0 100 100	4, 11, 22, 27	3 (1%)

There are no RSRZ outliers to report.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
9	PEG	M	1170	7/7	0.75	0.17	34,37,39,41	0
6	CL	M	1163	1/1	0.89	0.11	26,26,26,26	1
7	K	M	1167	1/1	0.92	0.13	46,46,46,46	0
6	CL	M	1159	1/1	0.93	0.11	16,16,16,16	1
6	CL	M	1164	1/1	0.93	0.15	44,44,44,44	0
7	K	M	1166	1/1	0.94	0.08	39,39,39,39	0
4	DGD	M	615[B]	66/66	0.94	0.10	11,26,44,48	3
4	DGD	M	615[A]	66/66	0.94	0.10	11,27,44,48	3
6	CL	M	1160	1/1	0.95	0.12	19,19,19,19	1

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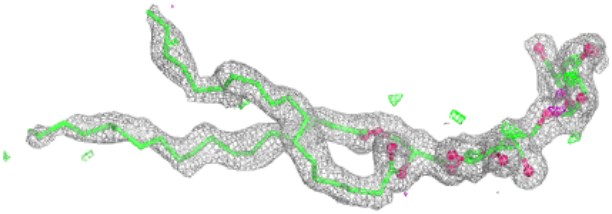
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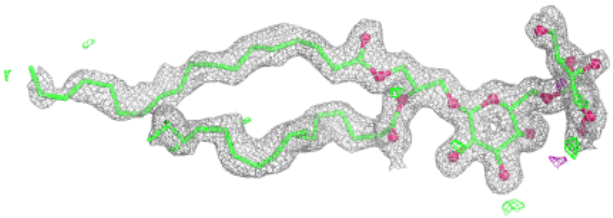
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
3	PID	M	612	46/46	0.95	0.07	10,14,29,38	0
7	K	M	1168	1/1	0.96	0.05	28,28,28,28	0
3	PID	M	611[B]	46/46	0.97	0.05	7,11,15,19	4
2	BCL	M	601	66/66	0.97	0.05	6,10,15,20	0
8	NA	M	1169	1/1	0.97	0.08	26,26,26,26	0
3	PID	M	611[A]	46/46	0.97	0.05	7,11,15,19	4
5	CD	M	1155	1/1	0.98	0.03	17,17,17,17	1
3	PID	M	613	46/46	0.98	0.04	6,9,17,21	0
7	K	M	1165	1/1	0.98	0.08	25,25,25,25	0
3	PID	M	614	46/46	0.98	0.04	6,9,13,19	0
6	CL	M	1161	1/1	0.99	0.03	12,12,12,12	0
5	CD	M	1156	1/1	0.99	0.03	20,20,20,20	1
6	CL	M	1158	1/1	0.99	0.04	16,16,16,16	0
5	CD	M	1157	1/1	1.00	0.03	10,10,10,10	1
5	CD	M	1152[B]	1/1	1.00	0.02	11,11,11,11	1
5	CD	M	1153	1/1	1.00	0.01	12,12,12,12	0
5	CD	M	1154	1/1	1.00	0.02	15,15,15,15	1
5	CD	M	1151	1/1	1.00	0.02	9,9,9,9	0
6	CL	M	1162	1/1	1.00	0.02	19,19,19,19	0
5	CD	M	1152[A]	1/1	1.00	0.02	9,9,9,9	1

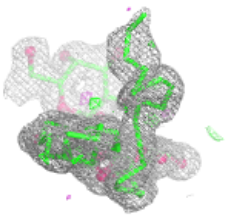
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around DGD M 615 (B):

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

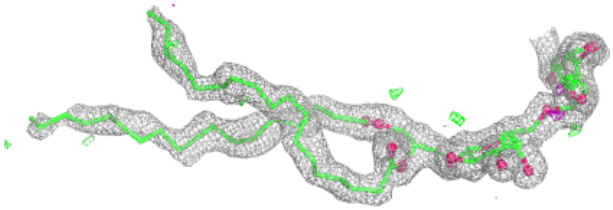


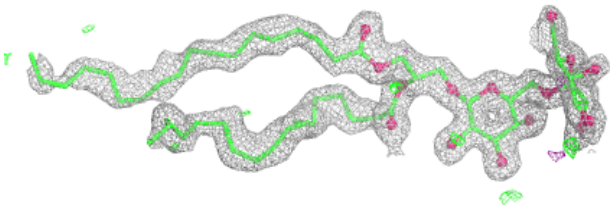


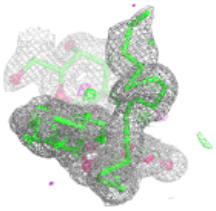


Electron density around DGD M 615 (A):

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

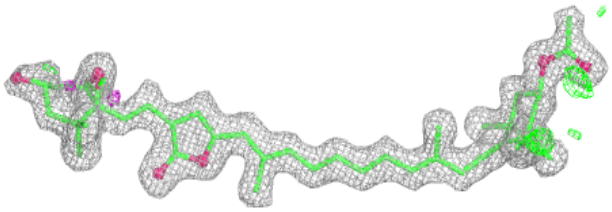


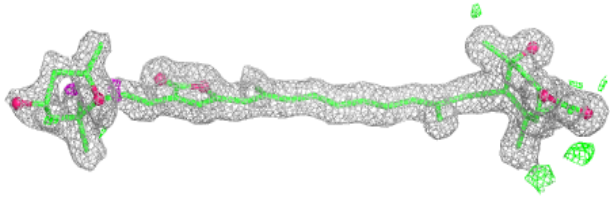


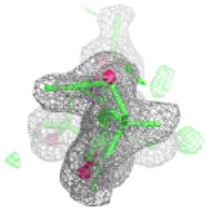


Electron density around PID M 612:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

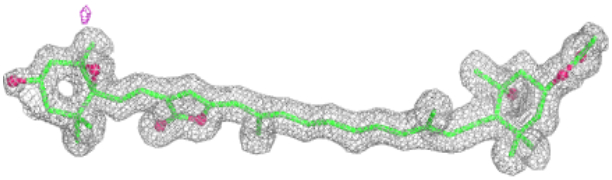


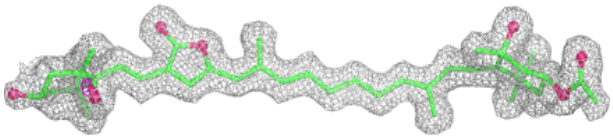


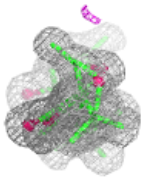


Electron density around PID M 611 (B):

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

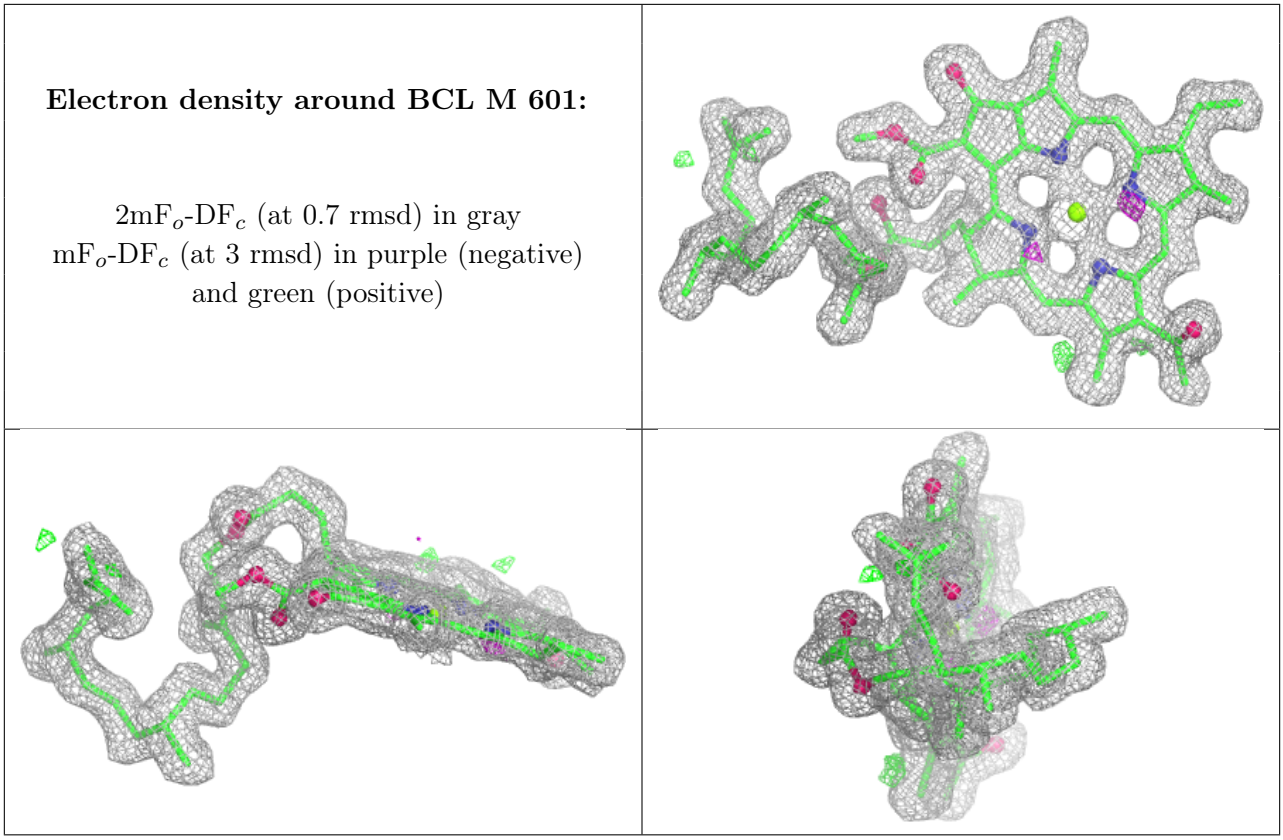






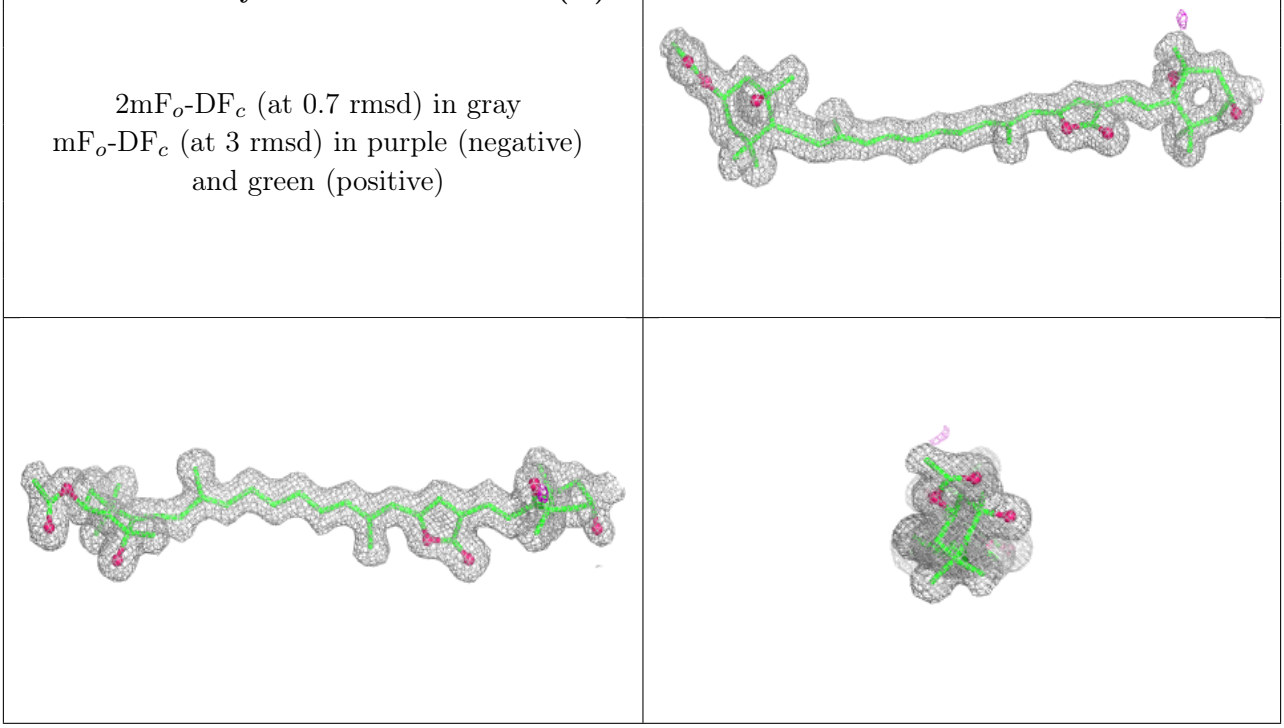
Electron density around BCL M 601:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



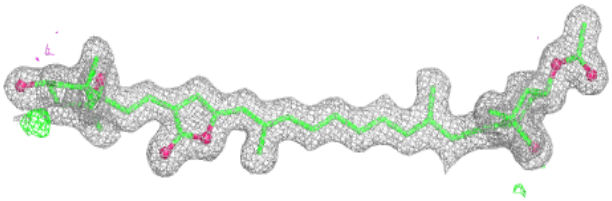
Electron density around PID M 611 (A):

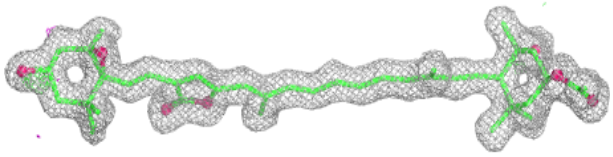
$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

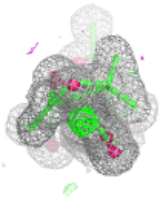


Electron density around PID M 613:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

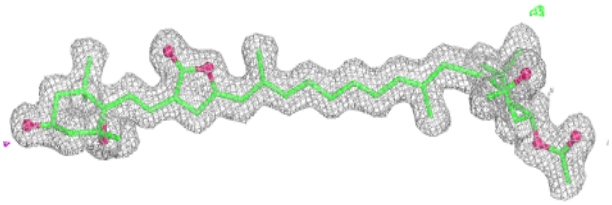


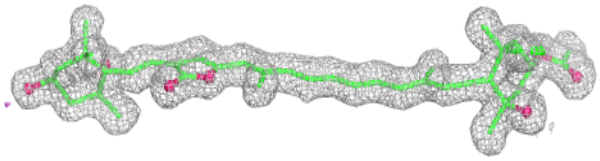


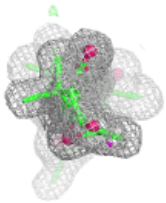


Electron density around PID M 614:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)







6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.